



150mA Ultra Low Dropout Voltage Regulator

SOP-8

Pin Definition:



Output
 Input
 Sense
 FB

3. Shutdown4. Ground5. Error flag

General Description

The TS2951/A are low power voltage regulators. These devices are excellent choice for use in battery-powered applications such as cordless telephone, radio control systems, and portable computers.

The TS2951/A is features very low quiescent current (75uA Typ.) and very low drop output voltage (Typ. 40uV at light load and 380 mV at 100 mA). This includes a tight initial tolerance of 1% (A version), extremely good load and line regulation 0.05% typ. and very low output temperature coefficient, making the TS2951/A useful as a low-power voltage reference.

TS2951/A have other key additional feature. The error flag output feature is used as power-on reset for warn of a low output voltage, due to following batteries on input. The logic-compatible shutdown input which enable the regulator to be switched on/off. The regulator output voltage may be pin-strapped for a 5.0 & 3.3 & 3.0 of programmed from 1.24V to 29V with external pair of resistors. Using of as design, processing and testing techniques make TS2951/A superior over similar products.

Features

- Output voltage available in 5V & 3.3V
- Extremely low quiescent current
- Low dropout voltage
- Extremely tight load and line regulation
- Very low temperature coefficient
- Need only 1uF for stability
- Use as Regulator or Reference
- Stable with low-ESR output capacitors
- Current and thermal limiting
- · Error Flag warns of output dropout
- Logic-Controlled electronic shutdown
- Additional voltage tap
- Output voltage sense
- Output programmable from 1.24 to 29V

Ordering Information

Part No.	Package	Packing		
TS2951CS <u>xx</u> RL	SOP-8	2.5Kpcs / 13" Reel		
TS2951ACS <u>xx</u> RL	SOP-8	2.5Kpcs / 13" Reel		

Note: Where xx denotes voltage option, available are

50= 5.0V **33**= 3.3V

30= 3.0V

Application

- Battery powered systems
- SMPS Post-Regulator
- Voltage Reference
- Portable consumer equipment

Absolute Maximum Rating

Parameter	Symbol	Limit	Unit
Input Supply Voltage	V _{IN}	- 0.3 ~ +30	V
Feedback Input Voltage	Vfeedback	- 1.5 ~ +30	V
Shutdown Input Voltage	Vshutdown	- 0.3 ~ +30	V
Error Comparator Output Voltage	Verror	- 0.3 ~ +30	V
Power Dissipation	Pd	Internally Limited	W
Operating Junction Temperature Range	T _J	- 40 ~ +125	°C
Storage Temperature Range	T _{STG}	-65 ~ +150	°C
Lead Temperature (Soldering 5 second)	T _{STG}	260	°C
Thermal Resistance Junction to Ambient	R⊖ _{JA}	180	°C/W
Thermal Resistance Junction to Case	R⊖ _{JC}	45	°C/W



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COMPLIANCE

Electrical Characteristics (V_{IN}=V_{OUT} +1V, Ta=25°C, unless otherwise specified.)

Parameter	Test Conditions (note 2)		Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Output Voltage	T: 0=00	TS2951	0.985	5.0 3.3 3.0	1.015	V
	Tj=25°C	TS2951A	[0.990]		1.010	
	Full Operating temp	TS2951	0.980		1.020	
		TS2951A	0.988		1.012	
	100uA≤ I _L ≤100mA	TS2951	0.975		1.025	
	Tj≤Tj(max)	TS2951A	0.985	1.015		
Output Voltage Temperature	(Note 1)	TS2951		50	150	ppm/
Coefficient		TS2951A		20	100	°C
Line Regulation (Note 3)	6V≤ V _{IN} ≤30V (Note 4	6V≤ V _{IN} ≤30V (Note 4)		0.04	0.2	%
Load Regulation (Note 3)	100uA≤ I _L ≤100mA			0.1	0.3	%
	I _L =100uA			50	80	mV
Dropout Voltage (Note 5)	I _L =100mA	I _L =100mA		380	450	mV
Ground Current	I _L =100uA I _L =100mA			75	120	uA
				8	12	mA
Dropout Ground Current	V _{IN} = 4.5V, I _L = 100uA			110	170	uA
Current Limit	V _{OUT} = 0			160	200	mA
Thermal Regulation				0.05	0.2	%W
Output Noise, 10Hz to 100KHz	C _L = 1uF			430		uV/
Bypass=0.01uF	C _L = 200uF			160		
(pins 7 to 1 TS2951/A)	C _L = 3.3uF			100		rms
Reference Voltage		TS2951	1.21	1.235	1.27	V
		TS2951A	1.22		1.26	
Reference Voltage	(Note6)	TS2951	1.185	1.235	1.285	V
	(Noteo)	TS2951A	1.19		1.27	
Feedback Pin Bias Current				20	40	nA
Reference Voltage Temperature Coefficient	(Note 7)			20		ppm/ °C
Feedback Pin Bias Current				0.1		nA/°C
Temperature Coefficient						
Output Leakage Current	V _{OH} = 30V			0.01	1	uA
Output Low Voltage	V_{IN} = 4.5V, I_{OL} = 400uA			150	250	mV
Upper Threshold Voltage	(Note 8)		40	60		mV
Power Threshold Voltage	(Note 8)			75	95	mV
Hysteresis	(Note 8)			15		mV
Output Logic Voltage	Low (Regulator ON)			1.3	0.7	V
	High(Regulator OFF)		2.0	1.3		
Shut down Pin Current	Vs = 2.4V			30	50	uA
	Vs = 30V			450	600	600
Regulator Output Current shutdown	(Note 9)			3	10	uA



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NOTE:

- 1: Output voltage temperature coefficients defined as the worst case voltage change divided by the total temperature range.
- 2: Unless otherwise specified all limits guaranteed for $T_j = 25^{\circ}C$, Vin= 6V, $I_L = 100uA$ and $C_L = 100uF$. Additional conditions for the 8-pin versions are feedback tied to 5V, 3.3V & 3V tap output Sense (Vout = 5V, 3.3V & 3V) and shutdown $\leq 0.8V$.
- **3:** Regulation is measured at constant junction temperature, using pulse testing with a low duty cycle. Changes in output voltage due to heating effects are covered under the specification for thermal regulation.
- **4:** Line regulation for the TS2951 is tested at 85° C for I_{L} = 1mA.For I_{L} = 100uA and Tj= 125°C, line regulation is guaranteed by design to 0.2%.
- **5:** Dropout Voltage is defined as the input to output differential at which the output voltage drops 100mV below its nominal value measured at 1V differential at very low value of programmed output voltage, the minimum input supply voltage of 2V (2.3V over temperature) must be taken in to account.
- **6:** $Vref \le Vout \le (Vin-1V)$, $2.3 \le Vin \le 30V$, $100uA \le I_L \le 100mA$, $Tj \le Tj(max)$.
- 7: Reference voltage temperature coefficient is defined as the worst case voltage change divided by the total temperature range.
- **8:** Comparator thresholds are expressed in terms of a voltage differential at the feedback terminal below the nominal reference voltage measured at 6V input. To express these thresholds in terms of output voltage change, multiply by the error amplifier gain= Vout / Vref = (R1+R2) / R2. For example, at a programmed output voltage of 5V, the Error output is guaranteed to go low when the output drops by 95 mV X 5V / 1.250 = 384mV. Thresholds remain constant as a percent of Vout as Vout is varied with the dropout warning occurring at typically 5% below nominal, 7.5% guaranteed.

Application Hints

External Capacitors

For the stability of the TS2951/A is requires a 1.0uF(0.22uF is recommended for 3.0V & 3.3V) or greater capacitor between output and ground. Oscillation could occur without this capacitor. The tantalum or aluminum electrolytic works fine; could use the film type work but are not cost efficient. For the operation of below -25 °C solid tantalum is recommended since the many aluminum type have electrolytes the freeze at about -30 °C. The ESR of about 5Ω or less and resonant frequency above 500KHz are most important parameter in the value of Capacitor. The Capacitors value can be increased without any limit. At lower values of output current, less output capacitance is required for stability. For the currents below 10mA the value of capacitor can be reduce to 0.33uF and 0.1uF for 1mA. More output capacitance needed for the 8-pin version at voltage below 5V since it runs the error amplifier at lower gain. At worst case 3.3uF or greater must be used for condition of 100mA load at 1.250V output.

The TS2951/A is not like other low dropout regulators will remain stable and regulation with no load in addition to the internal voltage divider. This feature very important in application, it is like CMOS RAM keep-alive. The TS2951/A output voltage is set with minimum load of 1uA and external resistors.

If at the input of TS2951/A connected to battery or between AC filter capacitor and input is 10 inches wire then 1uF tantalum or aluminum electrolytic capacitor should be connected between input and ground. Instability can occur if stray capacitor to feedback terminal pin 7 of the TS2951/A. This could cause more problems when using higher value of external to set the output voltage. To fix this problem the 100pF capacitor between output and feedback and increasing output capacitance to 3.3uF.

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Application Hints (continued)

Reducing Output Noise

It could be an advantage to reduce the AC noise present at the output. One method is to reduce the regulator bandwidth by increasing the value of the output capacitor. This is the only method that noise could reduce on the TS2951/A, but is relatively inefficient, as increasing capacitor from 1uF to 220uF only decreases the noise from 430uV to 160uVrms for a 100KHz bandwidth at 5V output. Noise could be also reduced by fourfold by a bypass capacitor across R1 since it reduces the high frequency gain from 4 to unity.

Pick Cbypass= $1/2\pi R1*200$ Hz or choose 0.01uF when doing this, the output capacitor must be increased to 3.3uF to maintain stability. These change the output noise from 430uV/rms for a 100 kHz bandwidth 5V, 3.3V & 3V output. With the bypass capacitor added, noise no longer scales with output voltage so that improvements are more dramatic higher output voltage.

Error Detection Comparator Output

The Compactor produces a logic low output whenever the TS2951/A output falls of regulation by more than around 5%. This is around 60 mV offset divided by the 1.235 reference voltage. Thus trip remains 5% below nominal regardless of the programmed output voltage of the regulator. The Figure 1 shows the timing diagram depicting the ERROR signal and the regulator output voltage as the TS2951/A input is ramped up and down. The ERROR signal becomes low at around 1.3V input,it goes high around 5V input (input voltage at which Vout=4.75V). The TS2951/A dropout voltage depending on the load, the input voltage trip point around 5V will vary with load current. The output voltage trip point is around 4.75V, it does not change with load. The error comparator has an open-collector output which requires an external pull-up resistor. Depending on the system requirement, the resistor maybe returned to 5 or 3.3V output or other supply voltage depending to the system requirements. For determining the size of the resistor, note that the output is sinking 400uA, this value adds to battery drain in a low better condition, recommended values 100K to 1MΩ. If the output is unused this resistor is not required.

Programming The output Voltage

The TS2951/A output voltage is programmable for any value from it reference voltage of 1.235V and it maximum rating of 30V. For example for 5 volt needs to pin-strapped and using the internal voltage divider by tying pin 1 to 2 and pin 7 to pin 6. Refer to Figure 2, there are two external resistor required for this programming. Refer to the below equation for the programming the output voltage:

Volt=Vref x $(1+R1\R2)+I_{FB} * R1$

The Vref is 1.235V and I_{FB} is the feedback bias current, nominally -20nA. The minimum recommended load current of 1uA forces an upper limit of 1.2M Ω on value of R2, If no load presented the I_{FB} produces error of typically 2% in Vout which maybe eliminated at room temperature by trimming R1. To improve the accuracy chooses the value of R2=100K and this reduces the error by 0.17% and increases the resistor program current by 12uA. The TS2951/A typically draw 60uA at no load with pin 2 open-circuit, and this value does not look much.



Pb RoHS

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Application Hints (continued)

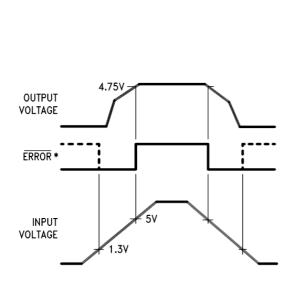


Figure 1. Error Output Timing

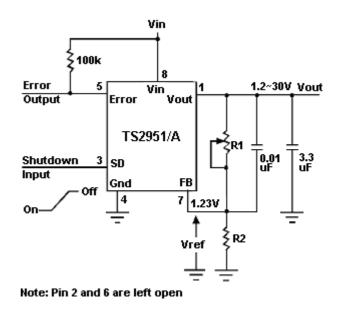
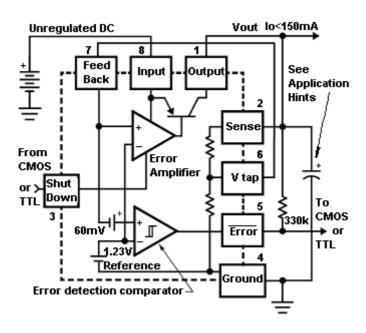


Figure 2. Adjust Voltage

Block Diagram and Typical Applications Circuit

TS2951/A

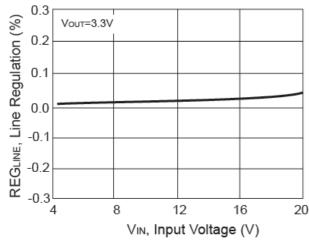






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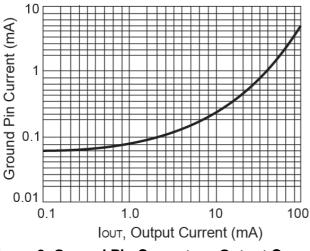
Electrical Characteristics Curve (Ta = 25°C, unless otherwise noted)



Vout=3.3V REGLOAD, Load Regulation 0.2 0.1 0.0 -0.1-0.2-0.330 60 90 120 150 louт, Output Current (mA)

Figure 1. Line Regulation vs. Input Voltage





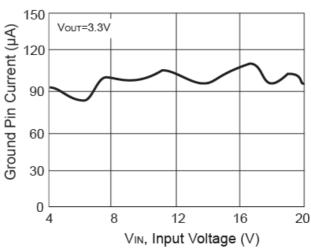
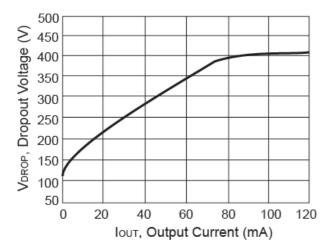


Figure 3. Ground Pin Current vs. Output Current Figure 4. Ground Pin Current vs. Input Voltage



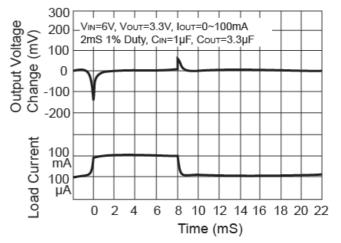


Figure 5. Dropout Voltage vs. Output Current

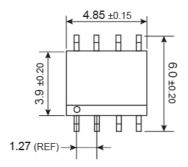
Figure 6. Load Transient Response

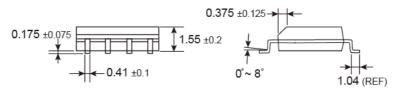




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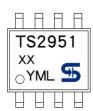
SOP-8 Mechanical Drawing





Unit: Millimeters

Marking Diagram



XX = Voltage Code (**50** = 5.0V, **33** = 3.3V, **30** = 3.0V)

Y = Year Code

M = Month Code

(A=Jan, B=Feb, C=Mar, D=Apl, E=May, F=Jun, G=Jul, H=Aug, I=Sep, J=Oct, K=Nov, L=Dec)

L = Lot Code



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